2026 ORIGINAL

Grade 2

ライティングテストの出題は 2 題です。
忘れずに，2 つの問題に解答してください。

英検2級 完全オリジナル予想問題
学校法人早稲田学園
WISH×AI 英検LAB

2 級

第9回

完全オリジナル予想問題

■ 試験時間

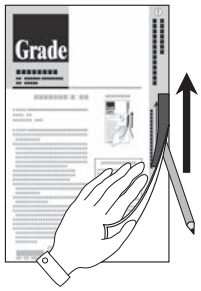
リーディング・ライティングテスト（85分）

※ リスニングテストは収録していません。

■ 注意事項

1. この問題冊子は英検2級の形式を参考にした独自の予想問題です。公式の試験冊子ではありません。
2. **試験開始まで，この問題冊子を開いてはいけません。**
3. 解答は，HB の黒鉛筆かシャープペンシルを使用して解答用紙（マークシート）に記入してください。解答用紙以外に記入した解答は，すべて無効となります。問題冊子にはメモをしてもかまいませんが，後で解答用紙に解答を書き写す時間はありません。
4. 問題内容に関する質問は一切受けつけません。
5. 不正行為をした場合は，答案は無効となります。
6. 他の受験者に迷惑をかける行為を禁じます。
7. この問題冊子にはリスニングテストを収録していません。リーディングとライティングの問題に解答してください。
8. 携帯電話などは必ず電源を切ってカバンにしまい，絶対に使用しないでください。
9. 電子機器（ウェアラブル端末を含む）の使用を禁じます。
10. 携帯電話などの着信音・バイブ音，その他試験を妨げる音を発生させた場合は，失格とすることがあります。
11. 試験終了後，問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。
12. 正答・解説は別冊PDFを参照してください。
13. 本教材を無断で複製・再配布・販売することを禁止します。学習・授業の範囲で利用してください。本教材は公式の英検問題ではありません。

問題冊子の開け方



＊学習用です。必要に応じて記入してください。

受験番号 | | | | | | | | |　氏名

非公式の予想問題です
英検2級の形式を参考

問題冊子を開く前に確認

WISH×AI 英検LAB
非公式教材

リーディング・ライティングテストは
次のページから始まります。

1 短文の語句空所補充

次の（ 1 ）から（ 17 ）の空所に入る最も適切なものを、1～4から一つ選びなさい。

(1) The scientist asked the students to ( ) the changes in the water level each morning.

1 deliver 2 confuse

3 depend 4 record

(2) The volunteers made a ( ) effort to finish cleaning the beach before the storm.

1 private 2 negative

3 formal 4 combined

(3) The machine stopped working because a small piece was ( ).

1 curious 2 ordinary

3 generous 4 missing

(4) The teacher gave us ( ) instructions before we started using the new equipment.

1 detailed 2 limited

3 familiar 4 natural

(5) A: Are these tickets expensive? B: No. Children are ( ) to a discount.

1 connected 2 involved

3 accustomed 4 entitled

(6) The museum displayed a collection of objects ( ) from the nineteenth century.

1 repairing 2 searching

3 dating 4 turning

1 短文の語句空所補充

(7) She found it difficult to ( ) with the sudden increase in homework.

1 invent 2 belong

3 divide 4 cope

(8) This new route will ( ) the time passengers spend waiting for a connection.

1 exchange 2 employ

3 achieve 4 shorten

(9) The local paper published an ( ) interview with the artist.

1 ordinary 2 exclusive

3 distant 4 annual

(10) We need to check whether these two reports are ( ) with each other.

1 famous 2 consistent

3 central 4 popular

(11) Tom ( ) the invitation because he had already made other plans.

1 removed 2 confirmed

3 declined 4 continued

(12) The city introduced stricter rules to ( ) the historic district from damage.

1 predict 2 protect

3 provide 4 publish

1 短文の語句空所補充

(13) The club meets on a ( ) basis, usually every second Thursday.

1 equal
2 severe
3 regular
4 previous

(14) The new system enables customers to ( ) their reservations online.

1 modify
2 mention
3 measure
4 multiply

(15) The coach reminded us that improvement requires ( ) practice.

1 consistent
2 sudden
3 legal
4 distant

(16) The island depends ( ) deliveries from the mainland for most of its food.

1 with
2 at
3 on
4 for

(17) The students worked together to ( ) a solution to the transportation problem.

1 look down on
2 run out of
3 come up with
4 put up with

2 長文の語句空所補充

A·A Train Carriage for Conversation

A railway company in the fictional city of Brindle introduced an unusual program on one of its quieter evening trains. Once a week, a small section of the train is reserved for passengers who wish to practice speaking another language. The idea came from two university students who noticed that language learners often had few opportunities to speak outside class. They suggested that a short journey could become a useful chance to (18), rather than another period of silent travel.

The company was interested but had safety concerns. It could not allow people to stand in the aisles or move between carriages while the train was running. Organizers therefore limited the number of participants and asked everyone to remain seated. They also posted simple conversation topics on cards, such as food, travel, and local traditions. (19), participants could begin talking without feeling pressured to give a long speech. Volunteer assistants reminded people that listening politely was just as important as speaking.

Some passengers were initially worried that the conversations would disturb other travelers. In response, the company chose a carriage at the end of the train and made it clear that participation was optional. After several months, surveys showed that learners especially valued meeting people of different ages. The company still collects feedback, because a successful program must respect both learners and other customers. Organizers hope that the project will (20), while leaving ordinary passengers free to enjoy a quiet journey.

(18)

1 use what they had learned in real conversations
2 avoid meeting other passengers completely
3 receive professional language certificates
4 study only from recorded announcements

(19)

1 As a result
2 For the first time in history
3 In contrast
4 Even though

(20)

1 replace every language school in the area
2 encourage communication without causing unnecessary inconvenience
3 persuade all passengers to travel at night
4 remove the need for safety instructions

2 長文の語句空所補充

B·Sharing the Power of Sunshine

Installing solar panels on a house can reduce electricity costs, but the initial price is too high for some families. People who live in apartments may not even have a suitable roof. To make solar energy available to more residents, a town called Renshaw created a shared solar project. Panels were installed on the roof of a public sports center, and households could join the project by paying a small monthly fee. Each member received a credit on their electricity bill based on (21).

The town wanted the project to be understandable, so it published monthly reports showing how much electricity had been generated. During cloudy months, production was lower, but the panels continued to operate. Members were not promised a fixed saving every month. (22), they were encouraged to see the project as a long-term way to support cleaner energy and learn about local electricity use. Some schools used the reports in science lessons, comparing sunshine hours with the results.

Shared solar power also requires careful management. The sports center must provide roof access for maintenance, and the agreement must explain what happens if a member moves away. Because the panels will need repairs over time, part of the income is saved for future expenses. Local officials hold meetings to discuss these practical issues openly. They believe that the project can succeed only if residents understand its limits as well as its benefits. Other towns considering similar plans have been advised to (23) before asking households to contribute money.

(21)

1 the number of sports matches they attended
2 their individual apartment·s roof size
3 the price of their household furniture
4 the amount of power produced for the project

(22)

1 Instead
2 For example
3 In addition
4 In short

(23)

1 promise identical savings in every season
2 ignore the need for future repairs
3 explain the costs and conditions clearly
4 close their public sports centers

3 長文の内容一致

A·E-mail

From: Noah Evans <noah@historyclub.example>
To: Ms. Priya Singh <programs@museum.example>
Date: October 3
Subject: Request to use short audio stories

Dear Ms. Singh,

I belong to a high school history club that is preparing a walking tour of the old shopping district. We plan to hold the tour on Saturday, November 14. Instead of giving a long speech at each stop, we want visitors to listen to short recordings made by students. These stories will explain how the neighborhood changed when the railway station opened and how local shops adapted over time.

Your museum has several interviews with former shop owners on its website. The voices would make our tour more interesting than simply reading dates from signs. Could we include short sections from two of those interviews in our recordings? We would clearly state the museum·s name and ask students to record their own introductions. If permission is not possible, please tell us whether the museum has other material that students may use.

We expect around 20 participants, including some older residents. We will offer printed summaries to anyone who does not want to use a phone. The tour should last about an hour and will finish at the public square. We plan to publish the route and listening instructions by October 25, so receiving your decision before October 18 would help us prepare.

Thank you for considering our request.
Best regards,
Noah Evans

3 長文の内容一致 A

(24) What is the main purpose of Noah·s email?

1 To complain that the museum website is closed.
2 To ask whether museum recordings may be used.
3 To request a new railway station near the square.
4 To invite the director to teach a history class.

(25) What will the club offer people who do not want to use a phone?

1 Free phones for every participant.
2 A second tour lasting two hours.
3 Printed summaries of the stories.
4 Transportation between all the shops.

(26) Why would a decision by October 18 be helpful?

1 The museum will remove all its interviews that day.
2 The club plans to release the route and instructions on October 25.
3 The tour will begin before October 18.
4 The public square will be closed for construction.

3 長文の内容一致

B Helping Soil Recover in Old Industrial Areas

When an old factory closes, the land around it may seem ready for new homes or parks. Yet the soil can contain substances left behind by years of industrial activity. These materials may not be visible from the surface. Before a community can safely use such land, specialists often need to test the ground carefully. Cleaning polluted soil is sometimes expensive, so city planners must decide how to protect residents while making the most of limited public funds.

One traditional method is to remove contaminated soil and replace it with clean material. This can work quickly, but trucks must carry large amounts of earth through nearby streets. Another approach involves certain plants that absorb or help break down particular substances. Scientists call some of these methods plant-based restoration. They are less disruptive, although they may take several growing seasons and cannot solve every kind of pollution.

Researchers in several cities have been studying how to choose the right method. They begin with laboratory tests because different substances behave differently. A plant that works well with one metal may have little effect on another pollutant. Weather, soil conditions, and the depth of contamination also matter. For this reason, experts warn against planting attractive flowers on polluted ground and assuming the problem has disappeared.

Public communication is another part of restoration. Residents may fear that a former factory site is dangerous even after tests show that some areas are safe. Officials therefore need to explain which sections can be used and which must remain closed. Involving local groups in decisions about paths, gardens, or sports areas can also increase trust. However, scientific monitoring should continue after a site opens, rather than end when the first visitors arrive.

In the fictional town of Norwick, a former machinery yard was restored in stages. The safest section became a walking area, while the most polluted ground remained fenced off for further treatment. Schools later visited the site to learn about soil testing and urban planning. The project took longer than residents had first expected, but it showed how careful investigation and honest communication could help a community reuse damaged land. The most important lesson was not that plants were a magical solution, but that restoration required evidence, patience, and long-term responsibility.

3 長文の内容一致 B

(27) Why must specialists often examine former factory land?

1 Pollution may remain hidden in the soil. 2 The surface is always too hard to walk on.

3 All factory buildings contain valuable metals. 4 Such land is automatically safe for housing.

(28) What is one disadvantage of removing contaminated soil?

1 It never removes any pollution. 2 Transporting the soil can disturb nearby streets.

3 It requires planting thousands of trees.

4 It makes the process take several growing seasons in every case.

(29) Why are laboratory tests important before using plants?

1 Different pollutants respond to different treatments.

2 Every plant removes every harmful substance.

3 They prove that the weather has no effect on soil.

4 They show exactly when all flowers will bloom.

(30) What does the passage say officials should do after opening a restored site?

1 Immediately stop collecting information about the soil.

2 Continue scientific monitoring and communicate with residents.

3 Allow unrestricted access to every section. 4 Replace all scientists with tour guides.

(31) What was an important lesson from Norwick?

1 Planting flowers can solve all kinds of pollution quickly.

2 Fenced areas should never be investigated.

3 Restoring land requires evidence and long-term care.

4 The public should have no role in planning.

4 ライティング（英文要約）

以下の英文を読み、４５～５５語の英語で要約しなさい。

In several towns, public buildings now offer free drinking-water refill stations. Residents and visitors can fill reusable bottles instead of buying bottled water. Many stations are located near libraries, parks, and train stations, making them easy to find during the day.

Supporters argue that these stations can reduce plastic waste and help people stay hydrated during hot weather. Some schools encourage students to carry reusable bottles, and local businesses display maps showing the nearest station. This has also created cooperation between public offices and shops.

However, refill stations require regular cleaning and inspection. Pipes may freeze during winter, and broken equipment can be costly to repair. Towns need a maintenance budget and clear information about whether a station is currently available.

4 英文要約 MEMO

MEMO

5 ライティング（英作文）

次のＴＯＰＩＣについて、あなたの意見と理由を２つ、８０～１００語で書きなさい。

TOPIC

Do you think all high schools should teach students how to manage personal money?

POINTS

・ Independence

・ Future

・ Time

5 英作文 MEMO

MEMO